

Supplemental Questions on: Grammars and PDAs

C1: Let L be the language $\{0^i 1^j : j \geq 2i\}$. For example, 011, 01111 and 0011111 are in L .

- (a) Give a CFG for L
- (b) Give the diagram for a PDA for L

C2: Let D be the following language $\{0^a 1^b 2^c : b = a + c\}$. For example, 00011112 is in the language. Give a context-free grammar for D .

C3: Consider the following CFG:

$$S \rightarrow SSS \mid bS \mid a$$

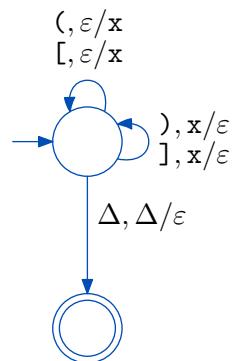
- (a) Give a derivation tree for the string ababa.
- (b) Explain in English what language this grammar generates:

C4: Consider the following language L with alphabet $\{0, 1\}$.

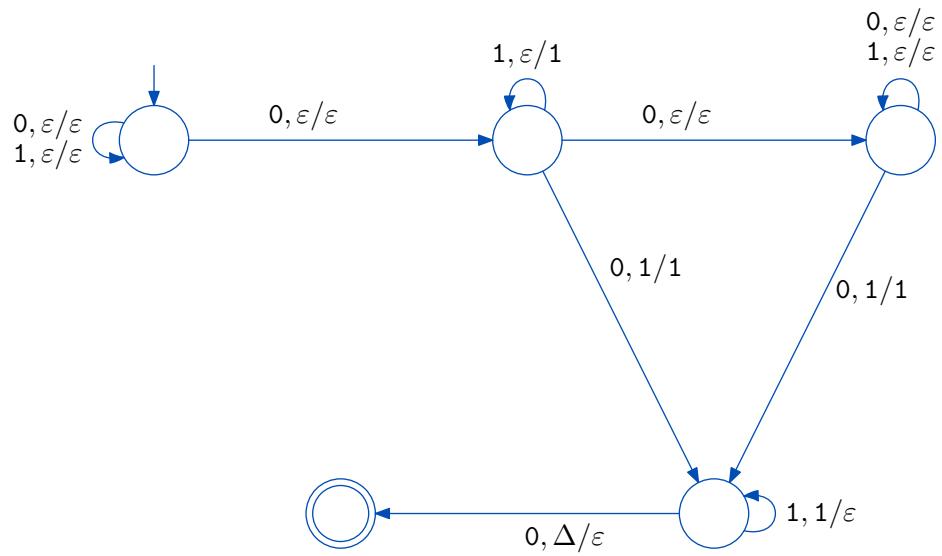
The empty string is **not** in L . If the string is nonempty and has **even** length, then it is in L . If the string has **odd** length, then it is in L if and only if it is a palindrome.

- (a) Give a CFG for L .
- (b) Give a PDA for L .

C5: Explain in **English** what language the following PDA accepts.

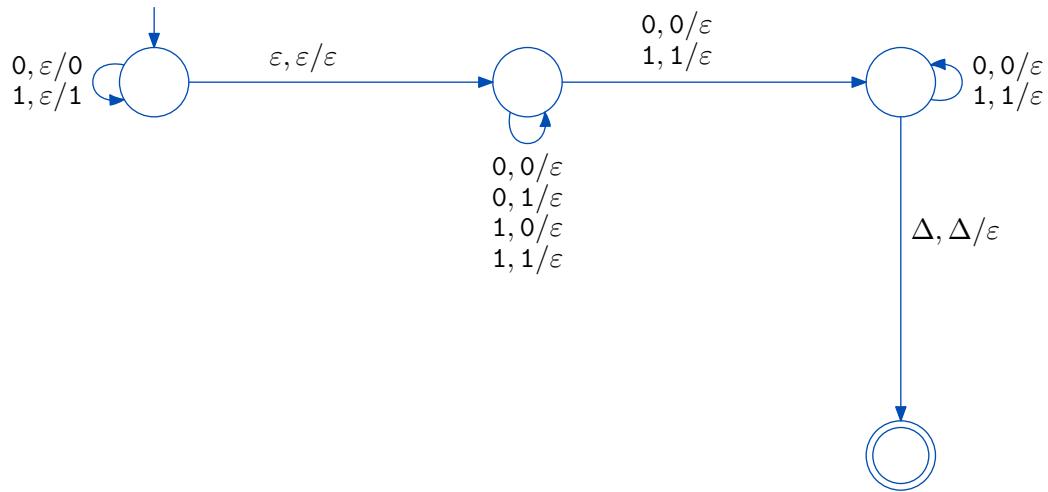


C6: Consider the following PDA.



- (a) Give the shortest string accepted by this PDA.
- (b) Give two more strings accepted by this PDA.
- (c) Describe in succinct English the language of this PDA.

C7: Consider the following PDA with alphabet $\{0, 1\}$.



- (a) List one binary string of length 4 that this PDA accepts.
- (b) List one binary string of length 4 that this PDA does **not** accept.
- (c) Give a precise short English summary description of the language of this PDA.