

## Supplemental Questions on: Undecidability

G1: It is known that the problem of determining if a PDA accepts every string is undecidable.

- (a) Explain why this means that it is undecidable to determine if two PDAs accept the same language.
- (b) Let  $N = \{ \langle G \rangle : G \text{ is CFG that does NOT generate all strings} \}$ . Show that  $N$  is r.e.
- (c) Is the complement of  $N$  r.e.?

G2: State whether each of the following is **true** or **false**. In each case give a brief justification.

- (a) The following is recursive: the set of all encodings of TMs that do not accept their own encoding.
- (b) The following is recursive: the set of all encodings of FAs that do not accept their own encoding.
- (c) The set of all C++ programs is countable.
- (d) The set of all infinite subsets of the reals is uncountable

G3: Consider any r.e. language  $L$ . Show that  $L$  is recursive if and only if  $L \leq \bar{L}$  (that is, it reduces to its complement).

G4: Give an **example** of:

- (a) a language that is r.e. but not recursive
- (b) a language that is recursive but not r.e.
- (c) an infinite countable set
- (d) an uncountable set
- (e) a language accepted by an LBA that does not have a context-free grammar